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3/15/23

Enbridge (ENB)



- I. World's oldest midstream oil & gas company
- II. Multi-decade track record of growth in dividend payments
- III. Robust margin expansion
- IV. Industry leading debt position-growth
- V. Highly favorable market tailwinds

Order Type: Market Allocation: 159 shares (~\$6,000)

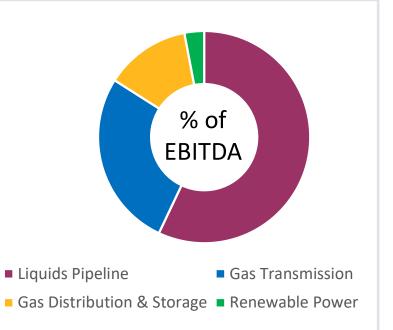
PHIG President

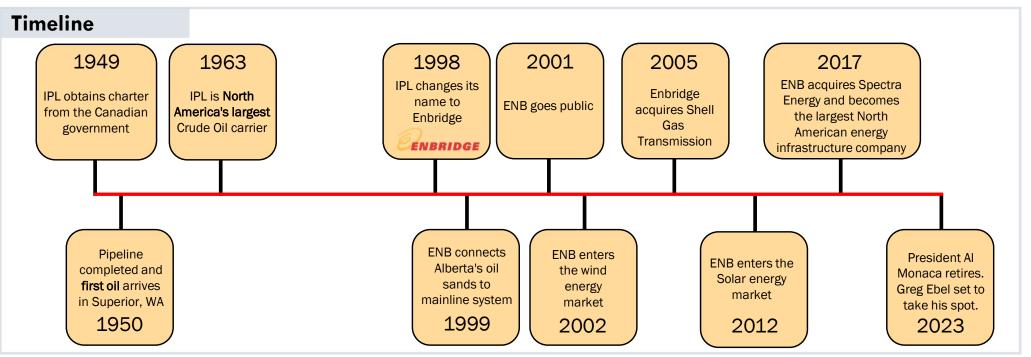
PHIG Director

Company Overview

Key Highlights

- Enbridge: the oldest midstream oil & gas firm in North America.
- Core Businesses: ENB's operations center around liquids (oil) pipelines, gas transmission & midstream, and renewable power generation (wind). The company's pipeline network spans 94,000+ miles across the North American continent.
- Strategy: Operational competency → Ensuring safe and reliable operations and cost-efficient transportation solutions for customers.
- Risk: BBB+ Credit rating (Moody's, S&P Global Ratings, DBRS, FitchRatings)
- Customer Base: Mostly contracted natural gas and oil distributors.

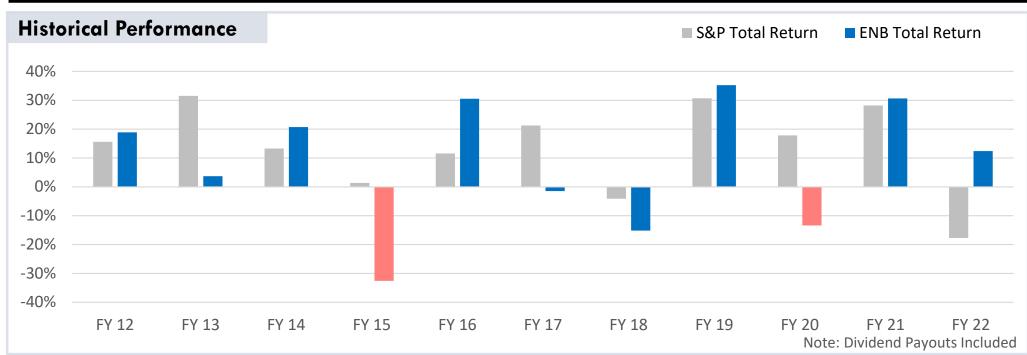


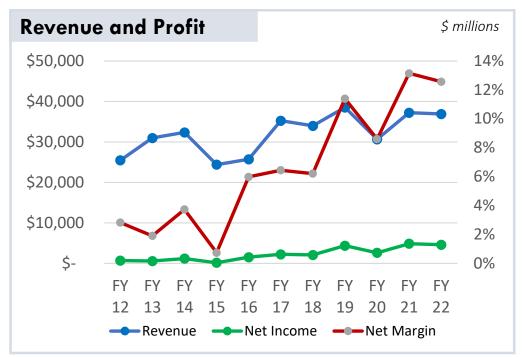


Sources: Enbridge

Patrick Henry Investment Group

Financial Overview





Summary

- ENB outperforms the S&P 500 6 out of 11 years.
- 2015 saw oil prices fall from over \$100 per barrel to \$40 causing energy investors to scatter. (See appendix)
- 2020 massive disruption in the energy sector as private and public sectors decreased production.
- Net margin increased 10% over the last decade.
- ENB's 98% mix of cost-of-service contracts is a robust hedge that protects the company's margin.
- Note that historical performance is YOY and *does not* include dividend reinvestment.

Industry Overview

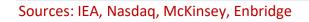
Porter's Five Forces

- Enbridge projects 10.55% LNG export growth (industry wide) per year until 2040. ENB maintains a 30% market share of export volume (for the continental US).
- While clean energy has captured investor interest in recent years, there remains no viable alternative to fossil fuels.
- Natural gas will become the primary form of renewable energy as the economy transitions away from coal and searches for reliable forms of clean energy.
- Commodity prices are highly volatile and have a significant influence on midstream companies' revenue.

27% 34% 30% Of N. America's oil transported 4% & exported by ENB 6% 5% 24% Crude Oil Natural Gas Renewables Hydro-Electric Nuclear ■ Coal

Competitive Rivalry	New Entrants	Power of Suppliers	Power of Buyers	Substitutes
Moderate	Low	High	Moderate/Low	Low
 Most midstream companies are regionally concentrated around ports and major continental basins. Enbridge's existing network gives it an advantage over smaller potential rivals. 	 Large financial barriers to entry result in nearly no new entrants. Established midstream companies operate like monopolies. Enbridge is the oldest midstream oil & gas company. 	 Land-owners have significant power over midstream companies that must run pipeline through private land. Significant government regulation. 	 Cost-of-service contracts allow Enbridge to charge buyers the cost of delivery plus a desired margin. General sensitivity to commodity price fluctuations and market responses. 	 Existing energy infrastructure is almost impossible to reproduce because of the expense and necessary time. Natural gas will be accepted as the primary form of green energy.

Global Energy Consumption



Sustainable Competitive Advantage



Advantage - Strategic Dimensions & Distinctives (Economic Moat)

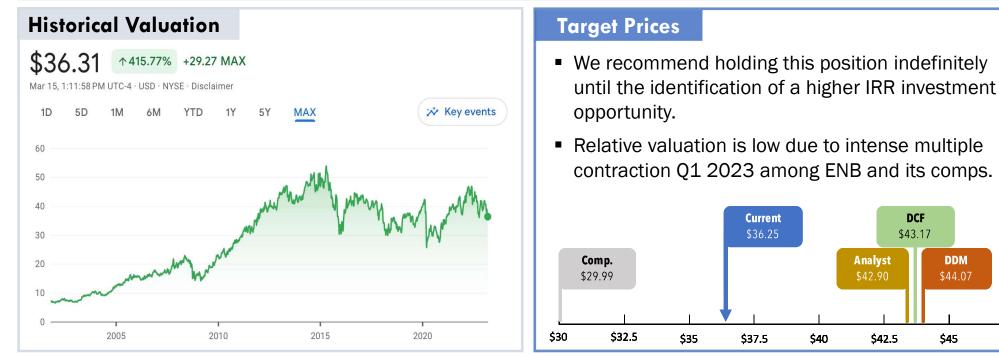
- Enbridge's position as the oldest existing midstream oil and gas firm in North America gives it the advantage of an enormous existing asset base that new entrants cannot compete with.
- ENB's early entrance has given it an outsized advantage among much newer competitors who have less access to capital and must compete with ENB's established continental network.
 - Share of wallet increases when there is oil exploration in an un-serviced region.
 - Switching costs are extremely high given the huge investment of building branching pipeline routes.
- Pricing Power: Enbridge maintains strong control over its margin by employing cost-of-service contracts. These
 contracts charge customers the cost of delivery plus a margin that can be either fixed or variable depending on
 the customer and their needs.
- Protection from Market Volatility: Enbridge's cost-of-service contract model insulates the company's margins from commodity volatility. Enbridge has also begun to expand its portfolio of renewable energy investments. The firm currently owns and operates electricity generating wind fields projected to contribute 3% of the company's EBITDA in 2023. These alternative energy investments effectively diversify Enbridge's revenue stream.
- Customer Diversity: Enbridge enjoys the benefits of not providing a niche service, but multiple broad services. The company offers energy delivery to residential, small commercial & industrial, and large commercial & industrial clients. Enbridge also contracts with major energy hubs and firms to transport liquids and gas across the continent for down-stream firms.

Investment Summary

Investment Thesis

We recommend Enbridge (ENB) as a strong buy.

- ENB is undervalued significantly according, to discounted cash flow analysis, discounted dividend analysis, and analyst research.
- ENB pays a reliable and growing dividend (6-7% yield) which if reinvested compounds to produce a very attractive IRR (20% IRR *estimated* at \$6,000 investment).
- ENB maintains an industry leading debt position (4.8x long-term debt to EBITDA) and \$18B secured funding for its capital pipeline through 2028.
- ENB enjoys a powerful advantage over its competitors given its age, experience, and capital base (94,000+ miles of pipeline).



Sources: Yahoo Finance

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\$47.5



Appendix: Enbridge (ENB)

- 1) Company Overview (Con't)
- 2) Customer Breakdown
- 3) Tailwinds
- 4) Headwinds
- 5) Asset Map
- 6) Loss Analysis
- 7) Income Statement (*Historical*)

- 8) Cash Flows Statement (*Historical*)
- 9) Balance Sheet (*Historical*)
- **10**) Discounted Dividend Model (5yr Forward Valuation)
- 11) Discounted Dividend Model (15yr IRR Calculation
- 12) Discounted Cash Flow Analysis
- **13)** Analyst Valuations
- **14)** Debt Service Capacity

Company Overview (Con't)



What is Midstream?

- Midstream is the link between oil production and refining or sale.
- Steps in value chain:
 - Gathering
 - Storage
 - Shipment



Corporate Structure

Well Head Gathering Tanks Offsite Storage Blending Facility Storage Hub Refinery Gas Station

Price Structure

- Cost of Service | Cost of delivery + margin
- Assets:

Gas Transmission	Gas Distribution	Liquids Pipeline	Renewable Power
30% North America Oil transported & exported	20% NG consumed in the U.S.A	~2 Tcf of natural gas stored and delivered	Powering ~900,000 homes

C-Corp

- Company pays tax at the corporate level.
- Investors also pay tax on their dividend.
- Typically have a higher upside.

Master Limited Partnership

- Company does not pay income tax at the corporate level.
- Legal obligated to distribute at least 90% of taxable earning.
 Investors pay a personal income tax on their earnings.

Recessionary forces make dividend investing particularly attractive - David Bahnsen

> Yield | 7.25% (3/15/23, TTM)

Stability | 28 years of dividend increases

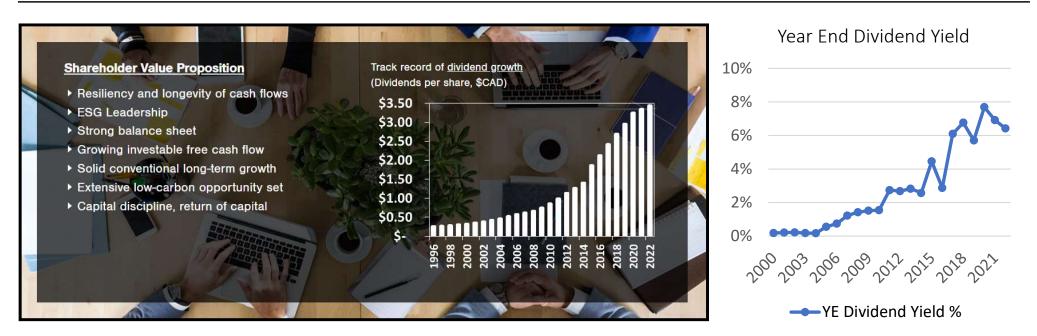
ENBRIDGE

The Dividend Strategy

The strategic utility of Enbridge as an investment vehicle lies in the company's **stable** and **growing dividend**. The attractiveness of the dividend is the opportunity it provides for growing the position at a **compounding rate**. Annual **dividends are reinvested** to buy more shares which will in turn yield a dividend to buy still more. The longer the position is held, the more robust it becomes.

Enbridge's strong dividend history is backed by its status as the **oldest midstream provider** in North America, **capital discipline**, and a unique **contracting model**. Operating for nearly 75 years, Enbridge has the advantage of an existing network, industry expertise, and access to capital unavailable to more recent entrants in the industry. The firm's capital discipline ensures that the company always meets its dividend obligations. Lastly, Enbridge's cost-of-service contract model gives the company heightened control over its margins. While the company is non-unique in that it is sensitive to commodity prices, it is set apart from other energy companies in that 98% of its contracts protect a predetermined margin. See Enbridge's robust dividend history below.

Dividend History



Customer Breakdown

Distribution

"Enbridge's principle source of revenue arises from distribution of natural gas to customers."

"Residential, small commercial, and industrial heating customers are served on a general service basis without a fixed term or price."

Larger commercial and industrial customers are served on the basis of a firm contract with obligations (ENB) up to a max daily volume.

Transportation

"Enbridge Gas contracts for firm transportation service, primarily with TransCanada Pipelines Limited (TransCanada), Vector and NEXUS, to meet its annual natural gas supply requirements"

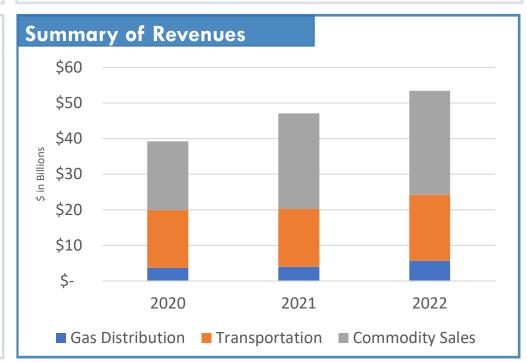
"Enbridge Gas offers firm and interruptible transportation services on its own Dawn-Parkway pipeline system."

Enbridge's transportation customers are major storage and processing hubs throughout Canada and the U.S.

Storage

Enbridge has large storage facilities at Dawn. "Dawn is the largest integrated underground storage facility in Canada and one of the largest in North America."

Enbridge gains access to Dawn's customers and generates revenue with "fixed annual demand charges, with the average length of a long-term contract being approximately four years and the longest remaining contract term being 14 years."



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Company Tailwinds



Regulations Rolled Back



- Projected 21% growth in global Natural Gas demand.
- More and more countries switching to renewable energy the next 10 years.
- Natural Gas is the most reasonable substitute for coal.
- Strong industrial demand worldwide will fuel the rise in demand for natural gas.
- On September 27, large leaks were detected in both Nord Stream 1 and Nord Stream 2 pipelines. Both pipelines are severely damaged.
- 6+ months to repair. Consequences will take shape over years.
- **Europe is desperate** for energy. The EU has given NG a green energy designation pursuing 3-year strategy to minimize Russian imports.
- Biden administration approved increased exports to Europe.
- The Biden Administration has resumed oil leases in the Gulf of Mexico and Alaska's Cook Inlet, allowing for increased domestic inventories and exports.
- The White House has ruled out any ban on natural gas exports to Europe this winter season.

Global Natural

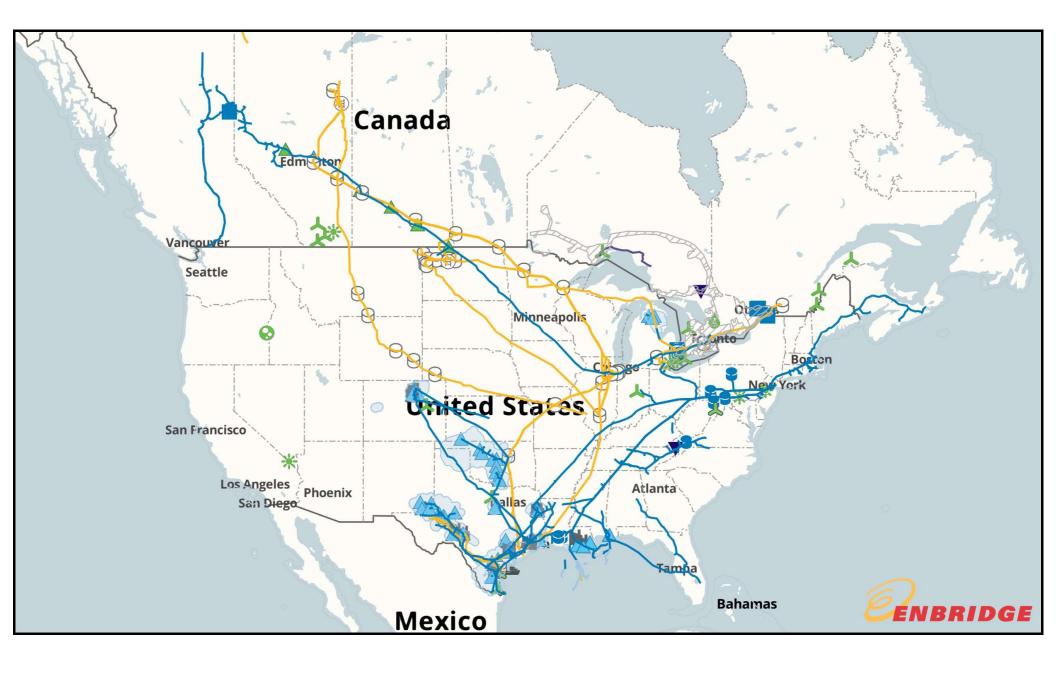
Gas Demand¹

Today

2040

Company Headwinds

Interest Rate Risk	 The Federal Reserve raised its benchmark interest rate for the sixth time in a row on Wednesday, to a range of 3.75% to 4%. ENB's interest expense on variable rate loans are exposed to the Federal Reserve's current policy of quantitative tightening.
Lawsuits	 Due to environmental concerns, the State of MI ordered Enbridge to shut down line 5 (645 miles through NW, WI, and MI) by May '21. Enbridge ignored the order. Indian tribes sued for 12 miles of line 5 that ran through expired easement of tribal land. Indian tribe won. Enbridge has 5 years to build an off-reservation route.
Highly Regulated Environment	 There are strict regulations on the construction of New pipelines and infrastructure. There is a constant discussion about whether local ecosystems and land should be destroyed to preserve the global climate.
Recession	 A worldwide recession could lead to lower volumes and a slow in demand.



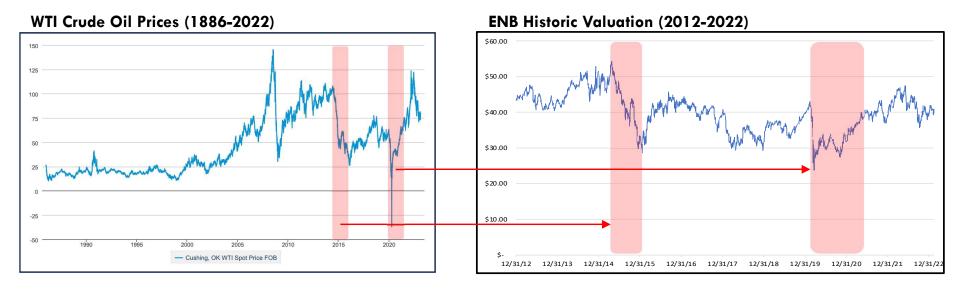
Loss Analysis

Enbridge's revenues are sensitive to commodity prices. The company outlines its sensitivity to commodity fluctuations in its 10-K filing:

"curtailment of commodity supply...can lead to fluctuations in commodity prices and price differentials, resulting in oversupply of pipeline takeaway capacity in some areas and an adverse effect to the utilization of our systems."

In **2015**, crude oil prices dropped from over \$100 into the \$40 range, causing massive disruption of the North American energy sector. Midstream companies' utilization rates plummeted, and revenues consequently declined.

In 2020, the global economy was artificially shut down. Governments *en masse* forced the closure of businesses and production plummeted. Domestic and commercial consumption of fossil fuels declined dramatically. Thus, Enbridge's transportation and commodity sales businesses were negatively impacted.



Impact: Enbridge's losses in 2015 and 2020 are not attributable to poor fundamentals. Rather, the company's revenue and profit declined in 2015 and 2020 due to violent reversals in macroeconomic trends that affected large swaths of the economy. Its valuation sunk because investors pulled out emotionally without the long-term in view.

Income Statement (historical)

Year ended December 31,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
(millions of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)						
Operating revenues						
Commodity sales	29150	26873	19259	29309	27660	26286
Gas distribution sales	5653	4026	3663	4205	4360	4215
Transportation and other services	18506	16172	16165	16555	14358	13877
Total operating revenues	53309	47071	39087	50069	46378	44378
Operating expenses						
Commodity costs	28942	26608	18890	28802	26818	26065
Gas distribution costs	3647	2094	1779	2202	2583	2572
Operating and administrative	8219	6712	6749	6991	6792	6442
Depreciation and amortization	4317	3852	3712	3391	3246	3163
Impairment of long-lived assets	541	_	_	423	1104	4463
Impairment of goodwill	2465	_	_	_	1019	102
Total operating expenses	48131	39226	31130	41809	41562	42807
Operating Margin	10%	17%	20%	16%	10%	4%
Operating income	5178	7805	7957	8260	4816	1571
Income from equity investments	2056	1711	1136	1503	1509	1102
Impairment of equity investments	_	-111	-2351	—	—	—
Net foreign currency gain/(loss)	_	—	—	477	-522	237
Gain on joint venture merger transaction	1076	—	—	-300	-46	16
Other income/(expense)	-589	979	238	258	516	199
Interest expense	-3179	-2655	-2790	-2663	-2703	-2556
Earnings before income taxes	4542	7729	4190	7535	3570	569
Income tax expense	-1604	-1415	-774	-1708	-237	2697
Earnings	2938	6314	3416	5827	3333	3266
Net Margin	6%	13%	9%	12%	7%	7%
(Earnings)/loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	65	-125	-53	-122	-451	-407
Earnings attributable to controlling interests	3003	6189	3363	5705	2882	2859
Preference share dividends	-414	-373	-380	-383	-367	-330
Earnings attributable to common shareholders	2589	5816	2983	5322	2515	2529
Earnings per common share attributable to common shareholders	1.28	2.87	1.48	2.64	1.46	1.66

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Financial Proformas

Cash Flow Statement (historical)				Statement		
Year ended December 31,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	201
(millions of Canadian dollars)						
Operating activities						
Earnings	2,938	6,314	3,416	5827	3333	3260
Adjustments to reconcile earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization	4,317	3,852	3,712	3391	3246	3163
Deferred income tax expense (Note 25)	957	1,091	447	1156	(1,148)	(12,877
Unrealized derivative fair value (gain)/loss, net (Note 24)	1,280	(173)	(756)	(11,751)	903	(1,242
Impairment of equity investments (Note 13)	_	111	2,351	423	1104	4463
Impairment of goodwill (Note 16)	2,465	_	_	_	1019	10
Gain on joint venture merger transaction (Note 13)	(1,076)	_	_	_	_	_
Changes in operating assets and liabilities (Note 29)	(12)	(1,466)	93	(259)	915	(338
Net cash provided by operating activities	11,230	9,256	9,781	9398	10502	6658
Investing activities						
Capital expenditures	(4,647)	(7,818)	(5 <i>,</i> 405)	(5,492)	(6,806)	(8,287
Long-term investments and restricted long-term investments	(1,041)	(640)	(487)	(1,159)	(1,312)	(3 <i>,</i> 586
Distributions from equity investments in excess of cumulative earnings	763	533	705	417	1277	125
Acquisitions	(828)	(3,785)	(24)	_	_	683
Proceeds from joint venture merger transaction (Note 13)	522	_	_	2110	4452	628
Proceeds from dispositions	_	1,263	265	20	12	212
Affiliate loans, net	135	65	(16)	(314)	(76)	(22
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,270)	(10,657)	(5,177)	(4,658)	(3,017)	(11,037
Financing activities						
Net change in short-term borrowings	481	394	223	(127)	(420)	723
Net change in commercial paper and credit facility draws	(1,333)	2,960	1,542	825	(2,256)	(1,249
Debenture and term note issues, net of issue costs	7,547	8,032	5,230	6176	3537	9483
Debenture and term note repayments	(4,198)	(2,264)	(4,463)	(4,668)	(4,445)	(5,054
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(259)	(271)	(300)	(254)	(857)	(919
Common shares repurchased	(151)	_	_	_	_	_
Preference share dividends	(338)	(367)	(380)	(383)	(364)	(330
Common share dividends	(6,968)	(6,766)	(6,560)	(5,973)	(3,480)	(2,750
Redemption of preference shares	(1,003)	_	_	(300)	(210)	_
Other	(314)	(87)	(90)	(71)	(23)	_
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	(5,428)	1,236	(4,770)	(4,745)	(7,503)	3470
Effect of translation of foreign denominated cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	55	(5)	(20)	44	68	(72
Net change in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	587	(170)	(186)	39	50	(975
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year	320	490	676	637	587	1562
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of year	907	320	490	676	637	58
Supplementary cash flow information						
Cash paid for income taxes	495	489	524	571	277	172
Cash paid for interest, net of amount capitalized	2,920	2,427	2,538	2738	2508	266
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets non-cash accruals	937	831	801	730	847	889
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.	557	0.51	001	, 50	077	50.

Financial Proformas

Balance Sheet (historical)

December 31,	2022	2021
(millions of Canadian dollars; number of shares in millions)		
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	861	286
Restricted cash	46	34
Accounts receivable and other (Nate 9)	8,871	6,862
Accounts receivable from affiliates	114	107
Inventory	2,255	1,670
	12,147	8,959
Property, plant and equipment, net (Note 11)	104,460	100,067
Long-term investments (Note 13)	15,936	13,324
Restricted long-term investments (Note 14)	593	630
Deferred amounts and other assets	9,542	8,613
Intangible assets, net (Note 15)	4,018	4,008
Goodwill (Note 16)	32,440	32,775
Deferred income taxes (Note 25)	472	488
Total assets	179,608	168,864

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

	2022	2021
Liabilities and equity		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings (Note 18)	1,996	1,515
Accounts payable and other (Note 17)	11,392	9,767
Accounts payable to affiliates	105	90
Interest payable	763	693
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 18)	6,045	6,164
	20,301	18,229
Long-term debt (Note 18)	72,939	67,961
Other long-term liabilities	9,189	7,617
Deferred income taxes (Note 25)	13,781	11,689
	116,210	105,496
Commitments and contingencies (Nate 31)		
Equity		
Share capital (Note 21)		
Preference shares	6,818	7,747
Common shares (2,025 and 2,026 outstanding at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively)	64,760	64,799
Additional paid-in capital	275	365
Deficit	(15,486)	(10,989)
Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) (Note 23)	3,520	(1,096)
Total Enbridge Inc. shareholders' equity	59,887	60,826
Noncontrolling interests (Note 20)	3,511	2,542
	63,398	63,368
Total liabilities and equity	179,608	168,864

Multi-Stage Model (USD \$)									
All Amount in USD									
Multi-stage Dividend Discount N	Iodel								
	2020	2021	2022	2023f	2024f	2025f	2026f	2027f	
Annual Dividend per share	2.41	2.68	2.63	Dividend.com					
									ו
Multi-Stage Dividend Growth Rate (g)				3.5%	3.5%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	
			Purchase Price		Divide	nd Projectio	ns		Sale Price
Expected Dividend (D)			\$ (36.50)	\$ 2.72	\$ 2.82			\$ 3.17	\$ 53.26
Present Value of Dividends (PV of D)				\$ 2.48	\$ 2.33	\$ 2.20	\$ 2.09	\$ 1.82	\$ 33.15
Required Rate of Return									
Risk-free Rate	4.55%		<u>3 Month T Bill</u>						
S&P 500 10yr annualized return	10.48%		<u>S&P 500 Retu</u>						
Market Risk Premium	5.93%			_					
Beta	0.91		Yahoo Finance	2					
Cost of Equity (k)	9.95%								
Veloetien.									
Valuation Value	\$ 44.07								
	\$ 36.50								
Currrent Stock Price	φ 00.00								

Discounted Dividend Model (15 year IRR calculation | valuation)

Total Expected I	Return (USD \$)						model assumes 100	0% d	ividend reinvestment
Period	Eq	uity Value	Dividend Payment	New Number of shares	•		Expected Dividend	Ye	arly Cashflows	
Year 0	\$	6,000		164	\$	36.50	\$	2.64	\$	(6,000)
Year 1	\$	6,530	\$ 434	176	\$	37.05	\$	2.77	\$	434
Year 2	\$	7,148	\$ 513	190	\$	37.60	\$	2.91	\$	513
Year 3	\$	7,841	\$ 581	206	\$	38.14	\$	3.06	\$	581
Year 4	\$	8,623	\$ 660	223	\$	38.69	\$	3.21	\$	660
Year 5	\$	9,507	\$ 751	242	\$	39.24	\$	3.37	\$	751
Year 6	\$	10,508	\$ 857	264	\$	39.79	\$	3.54	\$	857
Year 7	\$	11,648	\$ 981	289	\$	40.33	\$	3.71	\$	981
Year 8	\$	12,947	\$ 1,126	317	\$	40.88	\$	3.90	\$	1,126
Year 9	\$	14,435	\$ 1,297	348	\$	41.43	\$	4.10	\$	1,297
Year 10	\$	16,144	\$ 1,498	385	\$	41.98	\$	4.30	\$	1,498
Year 11	\$	18,114	\$ 1,737	426	\$	42.52	\$	4.52	\$	1,737
Year 12	\$	20,393	\$ 2,020	473	\$	43.07	\$	4.74	\$	2,020
Year 13	\$	23,039	\$ 2,357	528	\$	43.62	\$	4.98	\$	2,357
Year 14	\$	26,124	\$ 2,761	592	\$	44.17	\$	5.23	\$	2,761
Year 15	\$	29,735	\$ 3,246	665	\$	44.71	\$	5.49	\$	29,735

Model Assump	tions	Model Outp		
Stock \$ Growth	1.5%	Future Value \$	29,734.66	
Dividend Growth	5.0%	Present Value \$	9,373.60	
Discount Rate	8%	Net Present Value \$	3,373.60	
Purchase Price \$	36.50	ROI	395.58%	Proprietary
Initial Investment \$	6,000.00	IRR	20%	Model

Sources: Ycharts, S&P Global, Dividend.com, Yahoo Finance

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Base (CAD \$)

		U	Inlevered F	ree Cash F	low Calulat	ion						
		Histori	cal		Forecast					Terminal Value		
\$mm)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2026		
Revenue	46,378	50,069	39,087	47,071	50,837	54,904	59,296	64,040	69,163			
% Revenue Growth -		7.96%	-21.93%	20.43%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%			
Less COGS (excluding depreciation)	29,401	31,004	20,669	28,702	30,852	33,320	35,985	38,864	41,973			
Gross Profit	16,977	19,065	18,418	18,369	19,985	21,584	23,311	25,175	27,190			
% Margin	36.61%	38.08%	47.12%	39.02%	39.3%	39.3%	39.3%	39.3%	39.3%			
Less SG&A Expenses (Excludes D&A)	6,792	6,991	6,749	6,712	6,811	6,811	6,811	6,811	6,811			
Less R&D Expenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Less Non-Recurring Items	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Plus Unusual Income/Expense Items	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
EBITDA	10,185	12,074	11,669	11,657	13,174	14,773	16,500	18,364	20,379	Use 2026		
% Margin	22.0%	24.1%	29.9%	24.8%	25.9%	26.9%	27.8%	28.7%	29.5%	EBITDA and		
Less D&A	3,246	3,391	3,712	3,852	3,705	4,002	4,322	4,668	5,041	UFCF for		
EBIT	6,939	8,683	7,957	7,805	9,469	10,771	12,178	13,697	15,337			
% Margin	14.96%	17.34%	20.36%	16.58%	18.63%	19.62%	20.54%	21.39%	22.18%			
Less Taxes	237	1,708	774	1,415	2,613	2,925	3,267	3,636	4,035			
NOPAT	6,702	6,975	7,183	6,390	6,856	7,846	8,911	10,061	11,302			
Plus D&A	3,246	3,391	3,712	3,852	3,705	4,002	4,322	4,668	5,041			
Less Change in non-cash NWC	(961)	33	(455)	1,172	638	(46)	(50)	(54)	(58)			
Less CapEx	6,806	5,492	5,405	7,818	6,518	7,040	7,603	8,211	8,868			
Unlevered Free Cash Flows	4,103	4,841	5,945	1,252	3,405	4,855	5,680	6,571	7,534	218,0		

Value of Discounted Cash Flows										
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	Terminal Ca
Terminal Value Unlevered Free Cash Flow Discount Period (Years)					3,405 1	4,855 2	5,680 3	6,571 4	7,534 5	218,050 5
Discount Factor					0.95	0.90	0.85	0.81	0.77	0.77
Discounted Cash Flows	-	-	-	-	3,231	4,370	4,852	5,326	5,793	167,672

	Equity Value Per Share: Multiple Method WACC										
9	\$57.51		4.39%		4.89%		5.39%		5.89%		6.39%
	9.7x	\$	53.82	\$	51.77	\$	49.77	\$	47.84	\$	45.95
	10.2x	\$	57.89	\$	55.74	\$	53.65	\$	51.62	\$	49.65
	10.7x	\$	61.96	\$	59.71	\$	57.53	\$	55.41	\$	53.35
	11.2x	\$	66.03	\$	63.69	\$	61.41	\$	59.20	\$	57.05
	11.7x	\$	70.09	\$	67.66	\$	65.29	\$	62.99	\$	60.75

Sources: Roic.ai, Enbridge 10-K

Patrick Henry Investment Group

Base (CAD \$)

Weighted Average Cost of Cap	oital (WACC)
Debt	
Debt (Current + Long Term)	75,354
Cost of Debt	3.65%
Tax Rate	15.00%
After-Tax Cost of Debt	3.1%
Debt to Total Capitalizatoin	55%
Equity	
Total Equity	60,826
Risk Free Rate	4.22%
Expected Rate of Return	8.00%
Equity Risk Premium	3.78%
Beta	0.92
Cost of Equity	7.70%
Equity to Total Capitalization	45%
Total Capitalization	136,180
WACC	5.39%

Terminal Value: Exit Multiple Method					
EBITDA (Final Period)	20,379				
EBITDA Exit Multiple 10					
Terminal Value 218,050					
Present Value of TV	167,672				
Present Enterprise Value	191,244				
Terminal Value % of EV	114%				

Share Price Calc: Exit Multiple						
WACC	5.39%					
EBITDA Exit Multiple Terminal Value Present Value of TV	10.7 218,050.3 167,672					
Implied Enterprise Value Less: Debt Less: Prefered Stock Less: Minority Interest	191,244 75,354					
Plus: Cash Implied Equity Value	286 116,176					
Total Shares Outstanding Implied Equity Value/Share Current Value/Share (CAD)	2,020 57.51 52.78					
Upside:	\$4.73 9%					

Analyst Valuations

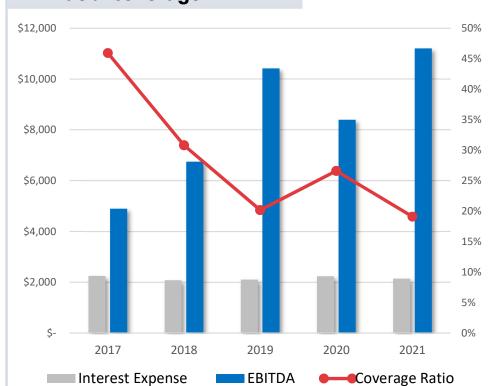
Average

Group	Targ	get Price (CAD)	USD Conversion	
CIBC Capital Markets	\$	62.00	\$	45.31
iA Capital Markets	\$	57.00	\$	41.65
Morningstar	\$	52.00	\$	38.00
National Bank Financial	\$	54.00	\$	39.46
Peter's & Co. Limited	\$	56.00	\$	40.92
Raymond James & Associates	\$	60.00	\$	43.85
TD Securities Equity Research	\$	62.00	\$	45.31
US Capital Advisors, LLC	\$	57.00	\$	41.65
Veritas Investment Research Corp.	\$	60.00	\$	43.85
Argus	\$	-	\$	48.00
Wells Fargo Securities, LLC	\$	60.00	\$	43.85
Average	\$	52.73	\$	42.90

ENB Debt Service Capability

Competitor Analysis

(Ticker)	Price	DPS	Dividend Yield	10 Year Dividend CAGR	2021 Debt/EBITDA	2021 Coverage Ratio	ROA	P/E	Сар	
EPD	\$ 26.78	\$ 1.80	7.3%	4%	3.58x	16%	7%	9.5x	\$54B	Enterprise Products Partners L.P.
ENB	\$ 39.34	\$ 2.68	6.7%	9%	4.8x	19%	2%	16.9x	\$79B	ENBRIDGE
КМІ	\$ 18.09	\$ 1.07	6.1%	-4%	7.15x	53%	4%	14.9x	\$40B	KINDER



ENB debt coverage

- Enbridge maintains a 10-year dividend CAGR more than double its competitors' while lowering its coverage ratio dramatically.
- Enbridge offers the superior combination of significantly larger network, access to international markets, and higher growth with a low debt burden as compared to its primary competitors.
- Enbridge's low debt, age, and access to funding makes the company a lower risk investment vehicle with a higher prospective return.

Sources: Dividend.com, Enbridge 10-K, ROIC.ai